Sl. No.	Title of the Project	Institution
16.	Microbial degradation of waste water from coal gasification industries in treatment plants.	National Environmental Engineering Research Institute, Nagpur—440020. Maharashtra.
17.	Microbial degradation of Petrochemical waste.	M.S. University of Baroda, Baroda—390002. Gujarat.
18.	Studies on Bio-conversion of domestic and industrial wastes through Bio-gas.	Jadavpur University Calcutta—700032. West Bengal.
19.	Microbial degradation of some basic organic chemicals present in waste water of dye industries.	Deptt. of Biochemistry and Microbiology, Nagpur University, Nagpur—440010 Maharashtra.
20.	Study on removal of liginin/colour from pulp and paper mills waste by biodegradation on waste cellulosic material during anaerobic conditions.	National Environmental Engineering Research Institute, Nagpur—440020. Maharashtra.
21.	Pilot plant study of treatment of distillery wastes by anaerobic filter.	Deptt. of Civil Engg., Aligarh Muslim University, Aligarh. Uttar Pradesh.
22.	Biodegradation of aromatic hydrocarbons by micro-organisms.	Indian Institute of Sciences, Bangalore—560012. Karnataka.
23.	Cement dust hazards and strategies in their control.	Deptt. of Botany, Sukhadia University, Udaipur—313001. Rajasthan.
24.	Biological treatment of waste water from the nitrogen fertilizer industry; Nitrification—Denitrification studies.	Tata Energy Research Institute, Jor Bagh New Delhi—110003.
25.	Studies on the tree canopies in relation to environmental pollution.	Botanical Survey of India, Calcutta.

Accident deaths ratio of Delhi

1006. DR. RATNAKAR PANDEY: SHRI V. NARAYANASAMY:

Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that Delhi has the highest ratio of deaths caused by accidents in the country;

(b) if so, what are the details thereof; and

(c) what steps Government have taken to minimise such accidents?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PERSONNEL, PUBLIC GRIEVANCES AND PENSIONS AND THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS 'SHRI P. CHIDAMBARAM); (a) No, Sir.

(b) Does not arise.

(c) Among the steps taken are the following: —

(i) A number of schemes for the redistribution of vehicular traffic have been initiated in various parts of Delhi, including traffic segregation and limited one-way stretches in the more congested areas.

(ii) Traffic signals at 112 intersections and 60 blinkers have been installed. Modernisation of the

signal systems at important intersections and prominent stretches of the aiterial roads is being carried out.

(iii) Partial restriction on the movement of Heavy Traffic Vehicles in some are as and total ban in some othcrs has been enforced.

Possibilities of violence

1007. DR. RATNAKAR PANDEY: SHRI SURESH PACHOURI:

Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIR^ be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Central Government ha *re* alerted the State Governments about the possibilities of a spurt in communal and Naxalite violence and atrocities against Harijan in the preelection year; and

(b) if so, what are the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PERSONNEL, PUBLIC GRIEVANCES AND PENSIONS AND' THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTER OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI P. CHIDAMBARAM): (a) and (b) The maintenance of public order and communal harmony is not a one time exercise. Even though law and order is a State subject the Central Government constantly keep in touch with the various staff Gov ernments/Union Territory Adminaster tions with a view to ensuring public order and communal harmony and pre\'entk,n of violence against Harijans and other weaker sections of the society. Apart from this, timely alerts are sounded and guidance and advice provided a_s and when required. The Central forces have also been made available to the States as and when requests for the same are made. The need for strengthening the administrative machinery of the State Governments has been soecialtv stressed and thev have been requested to take measured like arrest of anti-social elements, searches and seizures for the recovery of illegal arme and ammunition and action against elements irjciitng violence.

बंदूकों का आयात

1008. **श्री अजीत जोगी :**
श्री पृथ्वी माझी :

क्या **गृह** मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या केन्द्र सरकार ने सभी प्रकार की बन्दूकों के आयात पर पूर्ण प्रतिबंध लगा दिया है ;

(ख) यदि हां, तो उसके क्या कारण हैं ;

(ग) क्या सरकार का ध्यान इस तथ्य की ओर दिलाया गया है कि पूर्ण प्रतिबंध लगा दिये जाने के कारण विदेशकर रिवाल्वर तथा पिस्तौल की कीमतें अत्यधिक बढ़ गयी हैं क्योंकि उनका निर्माण भारत में कहीं कहीं होता है ; और

(घ) यदि हां, तो क्या सरकार इन हथियारों के वैध लाइसेंस धारण करने वाले व्यक्तियों को पिस्तौल और रिवाल्वर का आयात करने की अनुमति देने पर विचार करेगी ?

कार्मिक, लोक शिकायत और पेंशन मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री तथा गृह मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (श्री पी० चिदम्बरम) : (क) और (ख) कानून और व्यवस्था की वर्तमान स्थिति, केफायती पुरस्कार योजना तथा सामान्य नियम के अन्तर्गत अनुज्ञप्तियों के आधार पर दिनांक 13-11-1986 से प्रतिबंध लगाया गया है ।

(ग) जी हां, श्रीमान् ।

(घ) जी नहीं श्रीमान ।